Kathy's Garden and Grove

Kathy's Garden is located in Stanley Park, Toronto, Ontario The following provides information on its background, development, and example plants.

This garden celebrates Kathy Andrachuk, the much-missed past president of the Horticultural Societies of Parkdale and Toronto. With the help of Toronto Parks, Landscape Ontario's Toronto Chapter, grade 1 & 2 students at Niagara Public school, and private donors we have created a beautiful legacy for Torontonians.

Kathy's Garden is a Pollinator Garden. We planted native wildflowers, shrubs, and trees. All of them bloom and provide food and shelter for pollinators such as bees, butterflies, and birds.

There are more than three dozen species of native perennial wildflowers in the garden. Peak bloom is in July-September, but there are flowers from early April until frost. Ten species of native trees and shrubs bloom from April until August, and give brilliant leaf colors in fall.

Did you know many of the trees here in the north end of Stanley Park are dying? The Austrian pines have a fungal disease and borer beetles are killing the Ash trees. We have planted native trees that will grow up under the pines and replace their shade when the pines die.

We paid the city to install park benches above and below the garden – we hope you enjoy them! The upper bench is next to the young Tulip Tree we planted that will give it welcome afternoon shade in a few years.

All gardens need some weeding and pruning to stay in good shape. If you would like to help with this work and learn about native plants, talk to a volunteer.

The best things in life take time. We started the garden in May 2018. It bloomed beautifully later that summer, but we've been adding new plants ever since. They are increasing in size, and by summer of 2020 will cover all the ground. This will drastically reduce weed growth and make maintenance easier. Once our native plants have their roots down, they need no watering! Our garden stays green and healthy without fertilizers or mulches, with just rainfall.

We acknowledge that this garden is on land occupied by Canada's Indigenous peoples, and are grateful that we could be across the street from Meegwetch Place. All of the plants here have their own history of use by Indigenous peoples. Can you find the sage plant used in smudging ceremonies? Do you recognize the tobacco plants domesticated by Indigenous peoples? What about the purple coneflowers whose roots heal?

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Sage (for smudging, not eating) Artemisia ludoviciana

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Tobacco (for ceremony, not cigarettes) *Nicotiniana tabacum*

Perennials (in order of bloom spring to fall)

- 1. Sanguinaria canadensis, Bloodroot
- 2. Uvularia grandiflora, Bellwort
- 3. Geum triflorum, Prairie Smoke
- 4. Viola sororia, common Blue violet
- 5. Polygonatum biflorum, Solomon's Seal
- 6. Camassia cusickii, Wild Hyacinth
- 7. Penstemon digitalis, Foxglove Beardtongue
- 8. Penstemon hirsutus, Hairy Beardtongue
- 9. Amsonia tabernaemontana, Bluestar
- 10. Aquilegia canadensis, Canada Columbine
- 11. Asclepius incarnata, Swamp Milkweed
- 12. Fragaria virginiana, Wild Strawberry
- 13. Physostegia virginiana, Obedient Plant
- 14. Verbena stricta, Hoary Vervain
- 15. Anaphalis margaritacea, Pussytoes
- 16. Allium cernuum, Nodding Onion
- 17. Echinacea pallida, Pale Purple Coneflower
- 18. Oenothera biennis, Evening Primrose
- 19. Filipendula rubra, Queen of the Prairie
- 20. Monarda punctata, Spotted Beebalm
- 21. Monarda fistulosa, Beebalm or Wild Bergamot
- 22. Hibiscus moscheutos, Swamp Rosemallow
- 23. Veronicastrum virginicum, Culver's Root
- 24. Coreopsis verticillata, Pot-of-Gold
- 25. Liatris spicata, Dense Blazingstar
- 26. Physostegia virginiana, Obedient Plant
- 27. *Monarda didyma*, Red Bergamot
- 28. Coreopsis tripteris, Tall Coreopsis
- 29. Heliopsis helianthoides, Sweet Oxeve
- 30. Pycnanthemum verticillatum, Hairy Mint
- 31. Symphyotrichum urophyllum, Arrow-leaved Aster
- 32. Desmodium canadense, Showy Tick Trefoil
- 33. Pycnanthemum virginianum, Virginia Mountain Mint
- 34. Symphyotrichum oolentagiensis, Sky blue Aster
- 35. Eurybia divaricata, White Wood Aster
- 36. Aster novae-angliae, New England Aster
- 37. Doellingeria umbellata, Flat-topped White Aster
- 38. Solidago flexicaulis, Zig Zag Goldenrod
- 39. Gentian andrewsii, Bottle Gentian

Trees and Shrubs (in order of bloom spring to fall)

- 1. Amelanchier, Serviceberry
- 2. Cercis canadensis, Redbud
- 3. Lirodendron tulipifera, Tulip Tree
- 4. Aesculus glabra, Bottlebrush Buckeye
- 5. Cladastris lutea, Yellowwood
- 6. Calycanthus floridus, Allspice
- 7. Liquidambar styraciflua, Sweet Gum
- 8. Cornus alternifolia, Pagoda Dogwood
- 9. Physocarpus opulifolius, Ninebark
- 10. Clethra alnifolia, Summersweet

Hairy Beardtongue Penstemon hirsutus

Feeds:

- Long-tongued bumblebees
- Butterflies
- Hummingbirds

Foxglove Beardtongue Penstemon digitalis

Feeds:

- Long-tongued bees
- Butterflies
- Humminabirds

Canada Columbine Aquilegia canadensis

- Grows full sun to part shade
- Attracts hummingbirds

Allspice, Sweetshrub Calycanthus floridus

- Fragrant flowers and bark
- Long summer bloom
- Will fill this area in a few years!

Willow Bluestar Amsonia tabernaemontana

- Pale blue or white flowers
- Lovely leaves turn golden in fall

Prairie Smoke Geum triflorum

- Grows full sun
- Spring flowering
- Very attractive seed "whiskers"

Swamp Milkweed Asclepias incarnata

- Fragrant flowers can be pink, red, white
- Attracts many kinds of pollinators
- Monarch butterfly caterpillars eat leaves
- Does not run around the garden the way common milkweed does – stays where you put it!
- One of Top 10 pollinator perennials

^{*}All information provided by: